

From Washington.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)
Washington, D. C., March 25.

Several prominent members of the government admit that up to the present time Castro has checked this government as well as several and perhaps most of the European powers and forced this country to study for some time before it can make another move on the board. By his acquiescence in the award of the Hague tribunal he has rendered the three principal ports of his country practically safe from attack by foreign nations and then he has diverted trade to the remaining parts which he now proposes to cover in a similar manner by agreement with Great Britain, Germany and France. This in effect places an impregnable wall about Venezuela beside which the most powerful army in the world or billions of dollars spent in ordnance and ammunition would be insignificant. In short he has in reality two-thirds of the armed forces of the world guaranteeing his comfort and safety. This is the situation as it presents itself to the President and his cabinet and explains the resignation with which they are patiently waiting for the mail to come up from Caracas before learning the text of Castro's refusal to arbitrate pending claims of the United States in the manner in which this country wishes them to be arbitrated. Nevertheless, this does not necessarily mean that the administration intends to abruptly drop all action looking to the settlement of these claims. At some time in the future they will be settled, one way or the other, and the present period of inaction will be employed in a thorough investigation.

Secretary Taft had a conference with the President today. On leaving Mr. Taft stated that no developments had occurred in the Venezuelan situation. A query had been received, he said from Minister Dawson at San Domingo City, asking for additional information relative to the San Domingo treaty. An answer was cabled the Senate after receiving a favorable committee report on the treaty had adjourned without action but that the treaty would be ratified at the next session.

Hereafter a naval officer detailed to a high command may not take with him as his aid or in any other capacity his son who is also in the service. A general order to this effect was yesterday issued by the Secretary of the Navy. The occasion for the order was the request of Rear Admiral R. D. Evans who asked permission to appoint his son, Lieutenant Francis T. Evans, as his aid when he shall assume command in chief of the North Atlantic fleet. The request was denied and the young man who is now in command of the President's yacht, the Sylph, will remain on duty.

It is stated on good authority that Secretary of State Hay will not resume his place in the Cabinet on his return from his present vacation. His career as Premier of the McKinley-Roosevelt administrations has practically come to a close. Ill health is the sole cause of his determination to retire. It was just prior to his departure from Washington that Mr. Hay acquainted the President with his desire to lay aside the State Department portfolio. The President was unable to induce the Secretary to reconsider his course and regretfully stated that if he were still of the same mind on his return he would accept his resignation. The President is now canvassing the names of several eminent gentlemen with the view of asking one of them to become Secretary Hay's successor. Among others he has in mind are Joseph H. Choate, until recently United States Ambassador to England, and Whitelaw Reid, who has just been appointed to succeed Mr. Choate at London. While there is no fear of a fatal termination of his present sickness it is realized that Mr. Hay's active participation in public affairs has come to an end. The first intimation of his serious condition to reach the public was when the news came last week of the fainting spells which attacked the Secretary while he was boarding the Cretic at New York for his trip abroad.

President Roosevelt this morning presented diplomas to 23 young graduates of the United States Naval Medical School in the lecture room of the National Museum, following this ceremony with a ten minute speech in which he impressed upon the members of the class the double responsibility they bear toward the public—that of naval officers and of physicians. He dwelt upon the importance of strict performance of their duties both to the country and to humanity in general. President Roosevelt then presented the diplomas in person, calling the name of each graduate and shaking his hand as he stepped forward to receive the sheepskin. A music was furnished by the Marine band. The exercises closed with the President's brief address.

At the home of her father, Bishop Cranston, of the Methodist Episcopal church, Miss Ethel Cranston was married at noon today to Dr. H. G. Lane Taneyhill, Jr. of Baltimore. The wedding occurred at the bride's home, in the Ontario apartment house. Only the immediate friends of the parties were present at the ceremony and attended the wedding breakfast. The bride's sister, Miss Ruth Cranston, acted as bridesmaid, and seven close mates of the bride acted as bridesmaids. Bishop Cranston conducted the ceremony, assisted by Bishop David H. Moore, of Portland, Oregon.

The fine weather of today caused a large attendance at Benning, where the spring racing is now in progress.

Arrangements for the funeral of Senator Don Manuel de Azpiroz, the Mexican ambassador, who died last evening, have not yet been completed. Notification of his decease was relayed to the Mexican government, but probably arrived after all of the government offices were closed. Until the instructions of that government have been received, no steps will be taken to arrange for the obsequies. The embassy officials will consult with representatives of the State Department and the dean of the diplomatic corps and prepare a program for a state funeral in honor of the deceased diplomat.

Floods Apprehended.

Saratoga, Y. Y., March 25.—Conditions are ripe for destructive floods in the lower Adirondacks where there is an accumulation of upwards of four feet of snow, and ice two feet thick. The general spring thaw of the previous 48 hours, reinforced by a soaking rain storm that raged during last night and this morning, has set in destructive surface waters which are already causing much alarm in the upper Hudson valley.

Fewer Gallons; Wears Longer.

Fewer gallons; takes less of Devco Lead and Zinc than lead paint. Wears longer; twice as long as lead paint.

News of the Day.

Don Manuel Azpiroz, the Mexican ambassador, whose illness was mentioned yesterday, died that afternoon in Washington, aged 69 years.

The George Washington University Hospital in Washington and not the Georgetown University Hospital, is in quarantine on account of smallpox.

The Russian government has informed the Roman Catholic bishops in that country that it will require three months to consider their memorial for religious liberty.

In Baltimore last night, after less than a minute's fighting in the second round, "Young Peter Jackson" knocked out "Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien and lost the decision by doing it by a foul of the most pronounced description.

George E. Fisher, the southern cotton millionaire, was indicted by the grand jury in New York yesterday on the four counts for grand larceny, in having obtained \$7,500 under false pretenses. He was released in \$5,000 bail for trial in general sessions.

In bankruptcy court in Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday, Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick detailed some of her financial transactions. She testified that the total indebtedness would not exceed \$750,000. Of this sum, borrowed from various persons, she had received only \$517,000, leaving \$233,000 for commissions to the money lenders. She said she owed certain banks in Cleveland \$200,000.

THE WAR.

General Linievitch has halted his retreating army at Lipinghai, 74 miles north of T'ie Pass. It looks like he will be forced to make a stand there and fight to the death or surrender, as the Japanese are advancing upon that position along the railway and on both flanks.

The Russians, even should they succeed in reaching Harbin, will not take chances there, although it has always been considered their chief base in the East. Abandonment of Harbin will leave Manchuria in possession of the Japanese.

Vladivostok, which has been designated by the Russians as the "key of the Pacific" and the "sovereign of the East," upon which, like Port Arthur, millions have been lavished in defenses, will also soon be invested from the land and the sea. A dispatch from a Russian correspondent says General Kuroki's army is advancing northeast toward Vladivostok.

Announcement of a resumption of negotiations in France for a Russian loan has stimulated peace prospects. It is reported that other powers as well as France are contributing toward a peace movement. The advance of the Japanese upon Vladivostok may, however, prove a barrier to any peace plan until they have taken that place.

Effects of Target Practice on Fish.

The Navy Department has made public a communication from the Department of Commerce and Labor giving information and suggestions from the Bureau of Fisheries regarding the effects of target practice by the naval vessels on fishing of the New England coast. Copies of the communication have been sent to senators and representatives, through whose hands petitions have come to the department from coastwise residents of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and in which the request is made that gun firing be suspended in the vicinity of the fishing grounds.

The Fisheries Bureau says the variation in abundance during the years covered by the target practice and the years immediately preceding are such as occur normally. "In the immediate vicinity of the warships during the gun firing fishing would undoubtedly be interrupted," it is stated, "but it would be contrary to all experience if fish, frightened by the noise and shock, remained away from favorite waters after the conclusion of the disturbance."

The communication says that "in view of the exceptional advantages afforded by the Gray Head grounds and the short time covered by the work, it is believed by this department that the Navy Department would be justified in continuing to use those grounds for the purpose in question until it shall have been definitely established that the fisheries are suffering injury thereby."

The letter from Prof. George H. Parker, of Harvard University, to the Bureau of Fisheries is appended, in which this statement is made: "Since the discharge of heavy firearms on war vessels produces vibrations in the water which would vigorously stimulate probably both the ears and the later-line organs of fishes, and since this stimulus, even when slight, drives the fishes away, I believe that the grounds stated in the two petitions referred to above well taken and that the petitions deserve serious consideration." He says he would hazard the guess that from the firing of a big gun the fish would be influenced for a distance of half a mile, and possibly more, but he adds that this is a mere guess.

Mr. Carlisle's Big Fee.

The decree of a lower court in New York awarding John G. Carlisle, a former Secretary of the Treasury, \$25,349 for professional services in connection with a contest against the constitutionality of the laws under which duties were levied on goods imported from Porto Rico, has been affirmed by the appellate division of the Supreme Court. Mr. Carlisle was engaged by Regn. Barnes, who had been retained as counsel by various merchants, to assist him in the contest. As a result of the litigation the importers recovered nearly \$500,000 from the government. According to Mr. Carlisle something over \$89,000 of this amount was paid to Barnes, but the latter refused to make a settlement with him, denying that he ever had engaged Mr. Carlisle's services. Mr. Carlisle then brought suit to recover his fee and was awarded \$25,349.

Best Remedy for Constipation.

"The best remedy for constipation I ever used is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets," says Mr. Eli Butler, of Frankville, N. Y. "They act gently and without any unpleasant effect, and leave the bowels in a perfectly natural condition." Sold by Gibson & Timberman and W. F. Creighton & Co.

DIED.

At the residence of her son, Edgar E. Thompson, on Friday, March 24, 1905, Mrs. EMELINE THOMPSON, aged 84 years. The funeral will take place from 307 South Lee street tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Virginia News.

Mrs. Ellen J. Parker, widow of Dr. W. W. Parker, died suddenly at her home in Richmond, last night.

Mr. W. M. Perry, of Spotsylvania, died at the Mary Washington Hospital, Fredericksburg, Friday morning at 11:30 after an illness of several weeks with typhoid fever, aged 54 years.

Pension have been granted to the following persons in Virginia, John Rambo, Michael Flinn, John T. Baker, \$10; John Heineman, \$12; Richard R. Westcott, \$6.

President Edwin A. Alderman, of the University of Virginia, addressed a large audience at the Academy of Music in Richmond last night on the subject of education.

Prof. George H. Hulvey, of Rockingham county, yesterday announced his candidacy for State superintendency of public instruction, subject to the action of the State democratic primary.

The State board of pharmacy in Richmond last night gave out the list of those passing a successful examination. Among the 76 applicants were six negroes, five men and one woman, all of whom failed.

Those whose claims for damages by troops marching from Camp Alger to Thoroughfare, during the Spanish war, were allowed in the "omnibus bill," and ordered paid, should write to the Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. L. M. Shaw, give their postoffice address, and ask that a warrant be sent for the amount.

THE METHODISTS.

A sensational feature of Saturday's session, in Winchester, of the Baltimore Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church South, were charges of falsehood and irregularities filed against Rev. John O. Knott, of the Lexington church. The charges were brought by 11 members of the board of stewards of the Salem church, which Mr. Knott had served.

The committee appointed to investigate the charges reported. The chairman, Mr. Sydenstricker said that, after a careful investigation, the committee deemed a trial necessary, and Rev. J. S. Hutchinson was selected as the prosecuting officer for the church.

An effort was made to suppress the reading of the investigating committee's report in open conference, and the utmost confusion prevailed for a time. The accused minister is charged with having withheld certain information in regard to the cost of some church windows in the Salem church edifice. The amount involved is \$150.

The members of the church who signed the charges alleged that Mr. Knott succeeded in having the contract awarded to the Washington firm, and that the accused pastor received a special discount. Mr. Knott admits receiving the discount, but says that he used the money strictly for church purposes.

Bishop Duncan announced the following as the members of the trial committee: Revs. E. V. Regester, of Baltimore, chairman; Jax. P. Stump, of Alexandria, secretary; B. F. Ball, J. R. Van Horn, W. O. Ross, Thos. Cooper, O. C. Beall, J. H. Boyd, D. F. Entsler, W. L. Dolly and R. L. Fultz. The trial committee met in secret session in the afternoon. A bill containing the charges was formally filed, with the specifications.

The accused was present in conference when the charges were filed against him, but made no statement. Mr. Knott said, however, that the charges were unfounded and that a difficulty he had had with certain lay members of the Salem Church was back of the whole affair.

An important feature of the day's session was the reading of the report of 31 ministers who have been granted superannuated relations. They are as follows: Revs. William G. Eggleston, Robert Smith, J. T. Wightman, James Gardner, E. L. Kregelo, Hamilton A. Gaver, J. H. Wolff, J. F. Engle, Lewis H. Grabbill, James S. Porter, William Hedges, John P. Hyde, S. Towns, J. L. Shipley, Adam G. Flaherty, Charles A. Joyce, J. J. Crickenberger, C. L. Dameron, John T. Maxwell, Walter W. Watts, T. W. Brown, A. R. Martin, Lewis G. Martin, H. W. Kinzer, Quincy A. Wheat, Henry D. Bishop, John O. Tackett, F. T. Griffith, J. S. Hopkins, W. G. Hammond and A. A. P. Neal.

The following first year ministers were passed upon without objection and advanced to the second year: Revs. W. P. Johnston, B. L. C. Snyder, Frank Jenkins, G. R. Fringer, Lewis L. Lowance, W. D. Eye, C. T. McClinty, R. K. Nevitt and L. S. Shiras. The name of Rev. W. H. Ellison was taken from the list, a report having been made that he has withdrawn from the Methodist Episcopal Church South and become affiliated with another church.

One of the most important features of the day's session was the admission of a class of nine ministers into full connection as ministers of the Southern Methodist Church. They were Revs. G. S. Fielding, C. M. Hesser, B. B. White, Edward Barber, Homer Welch, Thomas C. Jones, Harry B. Baker, J. H. Beam and J. M. Kline.

The following ministers of the third-year class were advanced to the fourth year: Revs. J. H. Fielding, C. M. Hesser, E. V. Brubaker, B. B. White, Edward Barber, Homer Welch, Thomas C. Jones, Harry B. Baker, J. H. Beam, J. H. Haley, S. K. Cockrell, J. R. Rodesill, G. W. Staples, W. D. King, James B. Houppman, J. W. Smith and J. W. Kline.

A petition from the Presbyterian Synod of Virginia, asking co-operation securing better religious facilities at the United States naval academy at Annapolis whereby cadets will not be compelled to attend the services of any particular creed, as at present, was referred to a committee consisting of Revs. J. P. Stump, P. H. Whisner and Collins Denny.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice up to March 25, 1905:

Anderson, Mrs. N. W.	Jones, Cora Mildred
Alexander, James	Johnson, Annie
Alexander, Edward	Jenkins, Mrs. Macie
Brooks, Rev. L. W.	Lewish, W. H.
Brent, John	Pinn, Outaway
Bennet, Mrs. Chas.	Payne, Mr.
Bel, Jno.	Parred, Cecil (2)
Carson, Lee	Rowe, Mrs. Ellen
Curry, Mrs. L. R.	Stewart, Miss Nellie
Fleish, Miss Edna	Smith, Robt.
Gordon, W.	Thompson, Jones
Helmert, Fred	Vogler, Miss Alice
Harbower, Mrs. K.	Wiener, George A.
Jones, Mrs.	Williams, Mrs. Harriet
	JOSEPH L. CRUPPER, P. M.

Today's Telegraphic News

The Peace Talk.

London, March 25.—Talk of peace is being revived here today, and even more interest is manifested in the many rumors than has been shown in the past. This is probably due to the fact that there is a general feeling in all quarters that the hope for the cessation of hostilities in the far East has a substantial foundation. More emphatic assertions are made now than at any time since the war began, that the Czar desires to have hostilities cease. Many men in well informed circles who hitherto have not believed there was any possibility of peace, are now inclined to the view that the matter has become practically a question of terms. If Japan will forego any indemnity it is believed Russia will consent to an immediate termination of the war. On the other hand, it is felt that if the Japanese insist on an indemnity, the Czar will continue the war to the bitter end. There are no signs that Japan is willing to abandon the pecuniary demand, and this materially discounts the predictions that hostilities are on the point of concluding. One fact which lends color to the peace talk is that the actions and manner of both the Japanese and Russian diplomats seem to indicate that there has been some kind of negotiations in progress. The diplomats of both countries are very cautious in talking to newspaper men, but while declining to commit themselves they give the impression that there has been some sort of an exchange of ideas on the subject of peace, but that the matter is still in a nebulous form.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—There is a report in circulation here that J. Pierpont Morgan has intimated to Russia that he can arrange for a loan which could be secured by the hypothecation of valuable foreign lands. Your correspondent is unable to confirm this report, however.

More Fighting in the East.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—Reports from the front indicate that further fighting is in progress between the two armies although no idea is given of the conflict. A dispatch from General Kuropatkin says that the Japanese are cannonading the Russians in the neighborhood of Puttinas. Another dispatch from the commander in chief says that the Japanese, after driving in the Russian outposts at Shoomeeste, made a vigorous attack but were repulsed.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—Official figures as to the number of troops sent to Manchuria and the supplies furnished the army are given in the army organ, today. The figures are made public to end the criticism heaped upon the war office for its unpreparedness and incapacity in directing the war. The published statement shows that up to March 12th the war office had sent out 13,087 officers, 761,467 men, 146,321 horses, 1,621, guns and 316,321 tons of munitions and supplies.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—A dispatch from General Linievitch, which has just been received says: "Our cavalry rode the Japanese on our extreme left, on March 23, back to Nanshuiets." London, March 25.—A dispatch to Lloyd from Tananarive, Madagascar, says that the Russian warships of Admiral Rojstvensky fleet sailed from there today, the destination being unknown.

Preparing to Squeeze the Market.

Chicago, March 25.—May wheat bulls, under the leadership of John W. Gates, held a council of war yesterday, and at its conclusion there was general satisfaction among the councillors that plans for a squeeze, which have been going on for some time, are likely to be realized to the full. The conference included not only the chiefs of the Chicago clique, but a number of the leading spirits from the east and from the northwest, who by a remarkable coincidence, happened in Chicago and chanced to drop in on John W. Gates during his brief visit. Gates and the Wall Street crowd hold contracts for a line of between 15,000,000 and 20,000,000 bushels and the entire country's store is now in sight for May delivery, footing up a little more than 7,000,000 bushels up to contract grade. Gates has gone to New York.

Run on Bank.

Cincinnati, O., March 25.—A run which was started yesterday on the Union Savings Bank and Trust Company, one of the strongest financial concerns in the city, continued today. A squad of police is on hand to preserve order. The majority of those withdrawing are small depositors, many of them women. Offers of money in large sums are coming to the officers of the company from large banks all over the country, but none of these has been accepted. The officers have made a statement saying: "We know who started the run on the Union Savings Bank by malicious rumors, deliberately disseminated."

To Be Tried for Treason.

London, March 25.—The Reuter Telegram Company has received a dispatch from St. Petersburg which says that Maxim Gorky will be tried for treason. Gorky is a novelist and has been active in the reform movement in Russia. He was arrested at Riga, on January 25, and spent five weeks in prison in St. Petersburg. At the end of that time he was admitted to bail, but as he was leaving the prison, was re-arrested. When he finally gained his liberty, he was forced to leave St. Petersburg. The charge which was made against Gorky will be that of drawing up proclamations for the purpose of overthrowing the existing order of affairs in the empire and disturbing the public order. At present, Gorky is residing in the Riga district. His health is completely broken. The maximum sentence which can be imposed under the charge which will be made against him is imprisonment for three years in a fortress.

Narrow Escape of Train.

Altoona, Pa., March 25.—Passengers on the Keystone Express, eastbound on the Pennsylvania Railroad, had a narrow escape this morning when a landslide caught the train at Packardville, 58 miles west from here. Tons of earth and rock came down off the mountain just as the train was passing, burying the front of the engine, but it did not damage the other part of the train. The passengers were thrown into a panic by the mishap and one was slightly hurt.

Attacked by a Mob

and beaten in a labor riot, until covered with sores, a Chicago street car conductor applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and was soon sound and well. I use it in my family," writes G. J. Welch, of Tekonah, Mich. "and find it perfect." Simply great for cuts and burns. Only 25c at E. S. Leadster & Sons' drug store.

Affairs in Russia.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—The government is giving evidence of its intention to curtail the discussion of plans for the formation of the proposed national assembly. The Boulignon commission which has charge of the matter will not be permitted to obtain representatives, views showing the popular desire in regard to the assembly. Of the sixty governments in European Russia, only thirty now are to be asked to send delegates to attend the sessions of the commission and these men will be carefully selected so as to avoid the attendance of any delegates holding radical views on the subject.

London, March 25.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from St. Petersburg says that the Czar has ordered the payment of 500,000 roubles toward the expense of keeping the Russian prisoners of war who are held by Japan. There are few instances on record of a nation which is at war offering to pay for the support of its soldiers who have been captured by the enemy. The care of the great numbers of prisoners captured by the Japanese, especially in the fighting about Mukden, has been a problem that the Japanese have had to wrestle with.

Accouchment on Street Car.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 25.—Mrs. Oscar Petersen, a Swedish woman, of Railroad street, Braddock, this morning gave birth to a son on a McKeesport street car. She was riding from McKeesport to her home and in passing through East McKeesport, was observed to be sick. Before she could be removed, her son had made his appearance. He was a nine pound lad. Mrs. Petersen was taken to a physician close by and given attention and later in the morning was removed to her home.

Death of an Actor.

New York, March 25.—Maurice Barrymore, the actor who has been an inmate of the Long Island Home, Amityville, L. I., for the past six years, died this morning, of paralysis. He was the father of Miss Ethel Barrymore and Jack Barrymore, the well known actors. Maurice Barrymore was born in India, in 1847. His real name was Herbert Blithe.

Rioting in Crete.

Athens, March 25.—Reports from Crete state that rioting has broken out there owing to disputes which have arisen over the efforts to unite Crete and Greece. A number of people were injured in the riots and the situation is described as being serious.

Spanish Anarchists.

Madrid, March 25.—The government authorities have received word from the New York police that two dangerous Spanish anarchists have embarked from that port bound for Barcelona. The police at Barcelona have been instructed to keep a careful watch for them on their arrival.

New York Stock Market.

New York, March 25.—The irregularity at the London close was reflected in the early prices today. Peace news from the other side and the premium paid on the Japanese loan, thereby assuring its success, were favorable factors, but there was disposition to take profit. Changes in prices in railroad stocks, however, were small.

Tragic Denouement.

The domestic infelicity of J. T. Andrews, which has been aired in court in Newport News in connection with his complaint against John W. Rodgers, a naval hospital steward, accused of enticing Andrews' young wife away, had a tragic denouement yesterday when the jealous husband emptied a five-shooter at his wife, slightly wounding her. He fired once into a crowd which pursued him and then sent four bullets into his own head. Mrs. Andrews was only slightly injured, a steel corset-strap probably saving her life. Andrews probably will die. When Rodgers was dismissed, after being placed under bond Thursday, Mrs. Andrews is said to have intimated that she would follow the steward wherever he went. Yesterday Andrews called on his wife and begged her to return to him, threatening to take the contents of a bottle of arsenic if she refused. She ran through the kitchen past him, and he pursued her through a narrow alley, shooting twice at her. She went back into the house and slammed the front door in his face. He broke the glass with his fist and thrust the pistol through the hole and fired three more shots as she went upstairs. The woman fell, and Andrews thought he had killed her. He started the chambers of the revolver, re-filled the chamber, and he started north along the river bank, pursued by a crowd. Jake Van Arsdale, a policeman on duty, tried to head Andrews off, when he held the officer up with the revolver, fired one shot at his pursuer, and then emptied the pistol into his own head.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The building occupied by the Columbus dry goods company, located on High street, Columbus, O., was destroyed by fire last night. The merchandise in the adjoining building occupied by the High Street Tailors, A. Pitts Shoe Company, Botts Bros. billiard sales room, and the Empire Clothing Company, was badly damaged by water. The total loss is estimated at \$225,000.

A dispatch from Cody, Nebraska, says that Mrs. W. F. Cody declared she still loves the colonel, and hopes that as a result of the divorce decision, he will be persuaded to accept her offer for reconciliation. Mrs. Cody does not believe the colonel will press the divorce proceeding, any further.

With the purpose of preventing any possible failure of her intention of doing away with herself, Mrs. Zottlik Makowski, wife of a wealthy Brooklyn manufacturer, drank carbolic acid, ate rat poison, and inhaled illuminating gas at her home last night. Before killing herself, she carefully laid out the children's clothes on the floor. She pinned on each set pieces of paper marked "these are Edmund's," and "these are Andy's." The children who were in an adjoining room, were almost overcome when found. Mrs. Makowski had been dependent for some time. The little boy is 9 years old and the girl is four years younger.

By the explosion and fire in the factory of R. B. Grover & Co., in Brockton, Mass., on Monday, in which at least 50 persons perished, thirty-seven wives were made widows, 48 children were left fatherless and 48 children became orphans. For the purpose of caring for those families from which the heads have been removed, an organized movement for the relief fund was begun last night. The fund raised new amounts to \$28,800.

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, March 21, 1905, by Rev. Dr. F. J. Brooke, Mr. HERBERT J. THOMPSON and Miss RUTH L. WILLIAMS, both of this city.

GUARANTEES TO CURE

DRUNKENNESS.

We never guarantee a remedy unless we know it possesses real merit. We strongly recommend Orin as a cure for drunkenness, for we are positive that it stops the craving for alcohol at once.

Orin No. 1 is a secret remedy and can be given in tea, coffee, soup, milk or food, without the slightest knowledge of the patient, as it is perfectly colorless, tasteless and harmless. Orin No. 2 is in pill form for those desiring to be cured. Either form \$1 per package, mailed sealed. All correspondence treated with the greatest confidence. Write to the Orin Company, Inc., Washington, D. C., for free book on "Drunkenness," mailed in plain envelope.

We have exclusive sale in this city, and are perfectly satisfied that the Company is reliable and will refund the money if they fail to cure the craving for liquor. E. S. Leadster & Sons.

Death Closes a Long Trance.

As was stated in the Gazette, one of the most remarkable cases in the experience of the doctors of the Presbyterian Hospital, in New York, ended yesterday in the death of Miss Luella Huestis, of Mount Vernon, who, with her mother, Mrs. James H. Huestis, had been in a trance for 15 days prior to her death. More than two weeks ago both of the women were found unconscious in the home of Henry W. Helfer, a lawyer, of New York, and were supposed to have been asphyxiated by gas. Neither had since recovered consciousness and physicians and hypnotists were puzzled by their unaccountable coma.

Miss Huestis was an attractive young woman, aged 22 years. Lack of nourishment was the principal cause of her death, as it had been impossible to give her food, except in liquid form and through a tube. Stimulants and oxygen were administered without effect.

A singular fact is that the young woman's mother, who lay in an adjoining room, began to show signs of the approach of death soon after the death of her daughter. Like her daughter the mother also is greatly emaciated and the physicians at the hospital say that her low vitality is due practically to starvation.

One specialist in hypnosis and psychology, who investigated the case, has made public his conclusion that the two women had unconsciously hypnotized each other, and that gas asphyxiation had nothing to do with the case. He explained that he had himself been hypnotized while hypnotizing a patient and had only been awakened by the arousing of the subject.

The case of the two women has attracted the attention of scientists all over the country.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Trigg Company and others vs. Zueyrus Company and others. Fully argued and submitted.

Next cases to be called: People's National Bank of Lynchburg vs. Virginia Textile Company and others; the Citizens' Bank of Norfolk, receivers, vs. George W. Taylor & Co.; Reapear & Co., and West vs. City of Newport News, being Nos. 80, 82, 84 and 85 on argument docket.

Court was in session today.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the system strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Destructive Fire.

To draw the fire out of a barn, or heal a cut without leaving a scar, use Dewitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A specific for scuffs. Get the genuine, J. L. Tucker, editor of the Harbinger, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, writes: "I have used Dewitt's Witch Hazel Salve in my family for piles, cuts and burns. It is the best salve on the market. Every family should keep it on hand." Sold by all druggists.

Wholesale Prices of Produce.

Flour Extra	4.88	5.00
Wheat	1.15	1.17
Panic bran	1.15</	